

University of Mumbai

Examinations summer 2022

Program: **Electronics and Telecommunication Engineering**

Curriculum Scheme: Rev2019

Examination: TE Semester V

Course Code: ECC503 and Course Name: Digital VLSI

Time: 2 hour 30 minutes

Max. Marks: 80

Q1.	Choose the correct option for following questions. All the Questions are compulsory and carry equal marks
1.	In CMOS logic circuit the n-MOS transistor acts as:
Option A:	Load
Option B:	Pull up network
Option C:	Pull down network
Option D:	Not used in CMOS circuits
2.	In CMOS inverter if VDD and VSS is swapped then circuit is called as
Option A:	Weak Buffer
Option B:	Inverter
Option C:	Invalid circuit
Option D:	Buffer
3.	CMOS domino logic is same as one of the following circuit with inverter at the output line.
Option A:	Clocked CMOS logic
Option B:	Gate logic
Option C:	Dynamic CMOS logic
Option D:	switch logic
4.	Which of the following is not property of Dynamic CMOS logic
Option A:	No static power consumption
Option B:	Requires clock
Option C:	Ratio-ed logic
Option D:	Ratio less logic
5.	In dynamic CMOS during pre-charge the load capacitor is
Option A:	Discharged to Zero.
Option B:	Charged to V_{DD}
Option C:	Charged to $V_{DD}/2$
Option D:	Disconnected.
6.	In FSM, any bit output not explicitly assigned any value in a state is implicitly assigned
Option A:	Zero
Option B:	One
Option C:	Invalid
Option D:	Error
7.	For a NOR based ROM Array which of the following is true
Option A:	If active transistor exist at a crosspoint of column and selected row then the column voltage is never affected
Option B:	If active transistor exist at a crosspoint of column and selected row then the column voltage is pulled up to logic high level by the transistor
Option C:	Logic-1 bit is stored as the presence of an active transistor
Option D:	Logic-0 bit is stored as the presence of an active transistor

8.	Which flip-flop is usually used in the implementation of the registers?
Option A:	D flip-flop
Option B:	S-R flip-flop
Option C:	T flip-flop
Option D:	J-K flip-flop
9.	Sense amplifier produces full logic swing at
Option A:	Input terminal
Option B:	Output terminal
Option C:	Ground
Option D:	Voltage supply
10.	Which method of physical clocking is a recursive structure where the memory elements are grouped together to make the use of nearby or same distribution points?
Option A:	H tree
Option B:	Balanced tree clock network
Option C:	Clock skew
Option D:	Single phase two level clocking

Q2.	Solve any Two	10 marks each
A	Describe with neat diagram CMOS fabrication process	
B	Realize 3 input NAND Gate using CMOS logic. Draw CMOS inverter equivalent circuit and find equivalent W/L for NMOS and PMOS, if (W/L) p = 10 and (W/L) n = 20. Draw its layout.	
C	Implement the 4-bit CLA carry using following design styles 1. Dynamic PMOS 2. Domino	

Q3.	Solve any Two	10 marks each
A	Implement the following 1. DFF using Tristate 2. NAND-NOR-NAND chain Using NORA 3. 1-bit 5 stage shift register using pass transistor 4. Inverter using clocked CMOS	
B	Describe the operation of 6T SRAM cell with proper diagram and waveforms	
C	Implement the following 1. 4-bit array Multiplier 2. 4-bit carry save multiplier	

Q4.	Solve any Two	10 marks each
A	Explain any 2 of the following 1. Clock generation and distribution 2. Carry skip adder 3. Scaling	
B	Solve any 2 of the following 1. MOSFET Capacitance 2. CNTFET 3. Derive equation for Current, power, power density for Full scaling and constant voltage scaling	
C	Design soda dispenser machine using the RTL design process. Draw Datapath, FSM, HLMS	

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Examinations Summer 2022

Program: Electronics and telecommunication Engineering

Curriculum Scheme: Rev2019(C-scheme)

Examination: TE Semester V (Choice based credit grading system)

Course Code: 32228 and Course Name: Data structure and algorithm.

Time: 2 hour 30 minutes

Max. Marks: 80

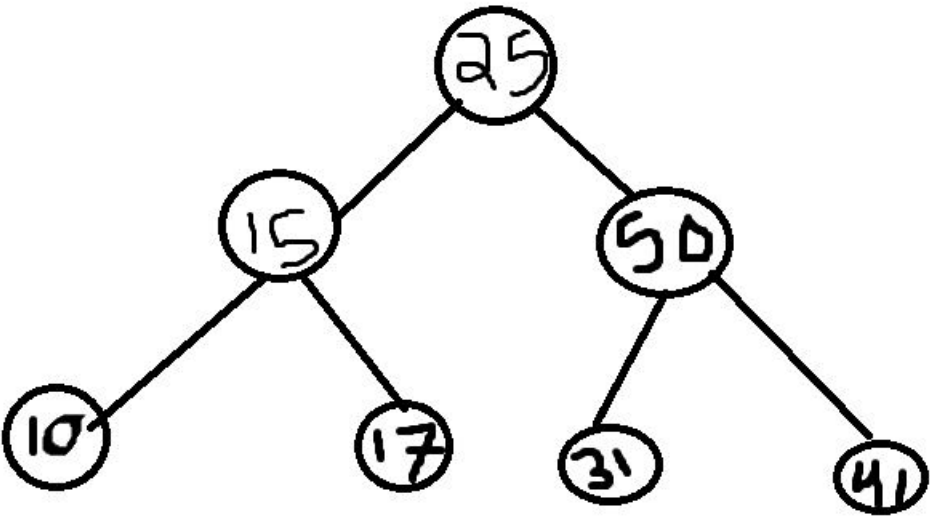
Q1.	Choose the correct option for following questions. All the Questions are compulsory and carry equal marks
1.	What data structure can be used to check if syntax has balanced parenthesis?
Option A:	Stack
Option B:	Queue
Option C:	Tree
Option D:	Graph
2.	What is value of top variable when stack empty
Option A:	1
Option B:	-1
Option C:	0
Option D:	Null
3.	Each node in a singly linked list must contain ----- Fields.
Option A:	Three fields
Option B:	Two fields
Option C:	Four fields
Option D:	Five fields
4.	What is value of front variable when simple queue is empty
Option A:	-1
Option B:	1
Option C:	0
Option D:	Null
5.	Identify the right traversal order for post order traversal
Option A:	LEFT-NODE-RIGHT
Option B:	RIGHT-LEFT-NODE
Option C:	LEFT-RIGHT-NODE
Option D:	NODE-LEFT-RIGHT
6.	Which of the following is a non- linear data structure
Option A:	Arrays
Option B:	Stack
Option C:	Queue
Option D:	Trees
7.	What will be postfix of following infix expression: $(9*7)+(6-2)$
Option A:	$9\ 7\ *\ 6\ 2\ +\ -$
Option B:	$9\ 7\ *\ 6\ 2\ -\ +$
Option C:	$9\ +\ 7\ * \ 6\ 2\ -$
Option D:	$9\ 7\ * \ 6\ -\ 2\ +$

8.	Breadth First Search is used in
Option A:	Binary trees
Option B:	Graphs
Option C:	Stack
Option D:	None of the above
9.	Which sorting algorithm works on Divide and Conquer Technique
Option A:	Bubble sort
Option B:	Modified bubble sort
Option C:	Selection sort
Option D:	Merge sort
10.	Which one is the most desirable out of these traits of a hash function?
Option A:	It must cause more collisions
Option B:	It must be easy to implement
Option C:	It must cause less collisions
Option D:	It must occupy less space

Q2	Solve any Four out of Six	5 marks each
A	Define Data Structures and list operations of Data structures.	
B	Define Linear queue with its operations.	
C	Explain Performance Characteristics of an algorithm.	
D	Draw the Expression tree for the following $Z=(A*B) + (C/D)$	
E	Differentiate between linked list and array?	
F	Define Hashing and explain any Two hashing functions.	

Q3	Solve any Two out of Three	10 marks each
A	Sort the given list of numbers using quick sort. Show step by step procedure 14,33,27,57,100,12.	
B	Write a program to implement stack using array. In which specify push, pop operation with full or empty condition.	
C	Apply Huffman coding for the word 'MALAYALAM'. Give the Huffman code for each symbol.	

Q4	Solve any Two	5 marks each
i.	Differentiate between linear search and binary search	
ii.	What is stack and write any four applications of Stack	
iii.	Explain priority queue and double ended queue.	

B	Solve any One 10 mark each
i.	Explain Depth First Search technique of graph with example in detail
ii.	<p>Write the In-order, preorder and post-order traversals for the following tree</p>  <pre> graph TD 25((25)) --- 15((15)) 25 --- 50((50)) 15 --- 10((10)) 15 --- 17((17)) 50 --- 31((31)) 50 --- 41((41)) </pre>